

Reflection Sheet

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Week #: \_\_\_\_\_

Assignments	Grade	Comments
Parent Signature		Please sign weekly

Date	Class work	Homework (must write in planner as well)
Monday		
Tuesday		
Wednesday		
Thursday		
Friday		

\*\*\*\*Students must complete their homework daily, 100%; the consequence = silent lunch daily\*\*\*\*

Parent Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Essential Questions	Answers
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
7.	
8.	
9.	
10.	

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

"Warm-up Q2 W2"

<p><b>Monday Warm-up</b> A building cast a shadow of 30m long. The distance from the top of the building is 60 m. How high is the building?</p>	<p>Show your work.</p>
<p><b>Tuesday Warm-up</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>No School</b></p>	<p>Show your work.</p>
<p><b>Wednesday Warm-up</b> A can has a height of 13 cm and a diameter of 7 cm. What is the approximate volume of the can rounded to the nearest hundred?</p>	<p>Show your work.</p>
<p><b>Thursday Warm-up</b> The human ear grows at about <math>8.78 \times 10^{-3}</math> inches a year. How much larger does the human ear grow in a month than a day?</p> <p>A. 100 times B. 87 times C. 30.4 times D. 0.033 times</p>	<p>Show your work.</p>

<p>1. <b>SPORTS</b> In the first round of a local tennis tournament there are <math>2^5</math> matches. Find the number of matches.</p>	<p>3. <b>MONEY</b> An apartment complex has 3 buildings. Each building has 3 apartments. There are 3 people living in each apartment, and each person pays 3 dollars per month for pool maintenance. The expression <math>3^4</math> denotes the amount paid each month for pool maintenance. Find this amount.</p>	<p>2. <b>GEOMETRY</b> The volume of a box can be found by multiplying the length, width, and height of the box. If the length, width, and height of the box are all 5 inches, write the volume of the box using an exponent.</p>
<p>5. <b>MEASUREMENT</b> There are <math>10^6</math> millimeters in a kilometer. Write the number of millimeters in a kilometer.</p>	<p>6. <b>NATURE</b> Suppose a certain forest fire doubles in size every 12 hours. If the initial size of the fire was 1 acre, how many acres will the fire cover in 2 days?</p>	<p>8. <b>BIOLOGY</b> Suppose a bacterium splits into two bacteria every 15 minutes. How many bacteria will there be in 3 hours?</p>

Showall work

<p>1. <b>ART</b> What is the length of a diagonal of a rectangular picture whose sides are 12 inches by 17 inches? Round to the nearest tenth of an inch.</p>	<p>2. <b>GARDENING</b> Ross has a rectangular garden in his back yard. He measures one side of the garden as 22 feet and the diagonal as 33 feet. What is the length of the other side of his garden? Round to the nearest tenth of a foot.</p>
<p>3. <b>TRAVEL</b> Troy drove 8 miles due east and then 5 miles due north. How far is Troy from his starting point? Round the answer to the nearest tenth of a mile.</p>	<p>4. <b>GEOMETRY</b> What is the perimeter of a right triangle if the hypotenuse is 15 centimeters and one of the legs is 9 centimeters?</p>
<p>5. <b>ART</b> Anna is building a rectangular picture frame. If the sides of the frame are 20 inches by 30 inches, what should the diagonal measure? Round to the nearest tenth of an inch.</p>	<p>6. <b>CONSTRUCTION</b> A 20-foot ladder leaning against a wall is used to reach a window that is 17 feet above the ground. How far from the wall is the bottom of the ladder? Round to the nearest tenth of a foot.</p>
<p>7. <b>CONSTRUCTION</b> A door frame is 80 inches tall and 36 inches wide. What is the length of a diagonal of the door frame? Round to the nearest tenth of an inch.</p>	<p>8. <b>TRAVEL</b> Tina measures the distances between three cities on a map. The distances between the three cities are 45 miles, 56 miles, and 72 miles. Do the positions of the three cities form a right triangle?</p>

**3-6**  
**Practice: Word Problems**  
**Distance on the Coordinate Plane**

*Classwork*

**3-5**  
**Practice: Word Problems**  
**Using The Pythagorean Theorem**

*Classwork*

<p><b>1. RECREATION</b> A pool table is 8 feet long and 4 feet wide. How far is it from one corner pocket to the diagonally opposite corner pocket? Round to the nearest tenth.</p>	<p><b>3. LADDER</b> A ladder 17 feet long is leaning against a wall. The bottom of the ladder is 8 feet from the base of the wall. How far up the wall is the top of the ladder? Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.</p>
<p><b>2. TRIATHLON</b> The course for a local triathlon has the shape of a right triangle. The legs of the triangle consist of a 4-mile swim and a 10-mile run. The hypotenuse of the triangle is the biking portion of the event. How far is the biking part of the triathlon? Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.</p>	<p><b>4. TRAVEL</b> Tara drives due north for 22 miles then east for 11 miles. How far is Tara from her starting point? Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.</p>
<p><b>5. FLAGPOLE</b> A wire 30 feet long is stretched from the top of a flagpole to the ground at a point 15 feet from the base of the pole. How high is the flagpole? Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.</p>	<p><b>6. ENTERTAINMENT</b> Isaac's television is 25 inches wide and 18 inches high. What is the diagonal size of Isaac's television? Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.</p>

<p><b>1. ARCHAEOLOGY</b> An archaeologist at a dig sets up a coordinate system using string. Two similar artifacts are found—one at position (1, 4) and the other at (5, 2). How far apart were the two artifacts? Round to the nearest tenth of a unit if necessary.</p>	<p><b>2. GARDENING</b> Vega set up a coordinate system with units of feet to locate the position of the vegetables she planted in her garden. She has a tomato plant at (1, 3) and a pepper plant at (5, 6). How far apart are the two plants? Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.</p>
<p><b>3. CHESS</b> April is an avid chess player. She sets up a coordinate system on her chess board so she can record the position of the pieces during a game. In a recent game, April noted that her king was at (4, 2) at the same time that her opponent's king was at (7, 8). How far apart were the two kings? Round to the nearest tenth of a unit if necessary.</p>	<p><b>4. MAPPING</b> Cory makes a map of his favorite park, using a coordinate system with units of yards. The old oak tree is at position (4, 8) and the granite boulder is at position (-3, 7). How far apart are the old oak tree and the granite boulder? Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.</p>
<p><b>5. TREASURE HUNTING</b> Taro uses a coordinate system with units of feet to keep track of the locations of any objects he finds with his metal detector. One lucky day he found a ring at (5, 7) and an old coin at (10, 19). How far apart were the ring and coin before Taro found them? Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.</p>	<p><b>6. GEOMETRY</b> The coordinates of points A and B are (-7, 5) and (4, -3), respectively. What is the distance between the points, rounded to the nearest tenth?</p>
<p><b>7. GEOMETRY</b> The coordinates of points A, B, and C are (5, 4), (-2, 1), and (4, -4), respectively. Which point, B or C, is closer to point A?</p>	<p><b>8. THEME PARK</b> Tom is looking at a map of the theme park. The map is laid out in a coordinate system. Tom is at (2, 3). The roller coaster is at (7, 8), and the water ride is at (9, 1). Is Tom closer to the roller coaster or the water ride?</p>

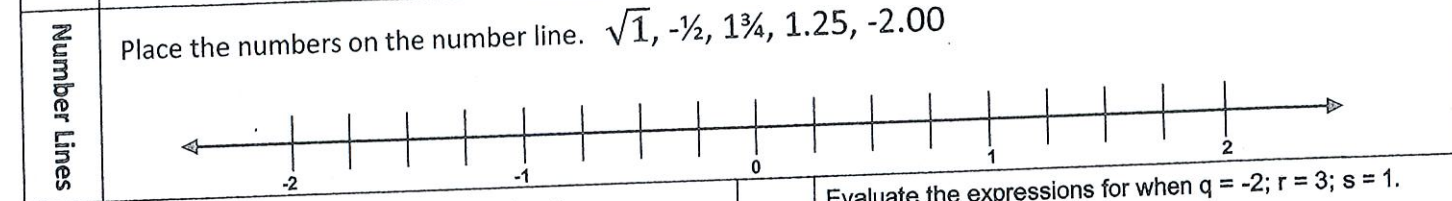
*Show all work*

Integers	$(-3)(-5)(2) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	$(-4)(-2)(3) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	$(50)(-0.5) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
	$2 + (-50) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	$-95 + (-6) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	$9 + (-21) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
Scientific Notation	$1,250,000 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 10^{\underline{\hspace{1cm}}}$		$4.3 \times 10^5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
	$33,005,000,000 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 10^{\underline{\hspace{1cm}}}$		
Mental Math	$52.003 \times 100 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	$0.1 \div 100 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	$0.30 \times 1,000 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
	$40\% \text{ of } 50 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	$40\% \text{ of } 60 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	$40\% \text{ of } 70 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
Number Lines	Place the numbers on the number line. $\sqrt{4}$ , $ -1/2 $ , $-1$ , $-1.5$ , $1.75$		
Computation	$3.92 \times 2.2 =$	$\frac{3}{7} + \frac{3}{5} =$	Evaluate the expressions for when $q = -2$ ; $r = -1$ ; $s = 3$ .
		Expressions	$q + rs$
			$r + sq$
Exponents & Square Roots	$5^2$	$6^2$	$3^3$
	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
			$2^3$
			$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
			$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
			$1^3$
			$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
			$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
Vocabulary	<b>WORD BANK</b>	Natural Numbers, their opposites, and "0" _____	
	Classifications of Numbers	Any natural number and "0" _____	
	Ordinal Real Whole Integers	Irrational Counting Rational	Number that cannot be written as a ratio of two integers _____
			Number written as quotient of two integers where denominator is not "0" _____
Equivalents	$\frac{1}{2} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}};$	$\frac{1}{3} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}};$	$\frac{2}{3} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}};$
	$\frac{1}{4} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}};$	$\frac{2}{4} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}};$	$\frac{3}{4} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}};$

Integers	$(-1)(-2)(-4) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	$(-3)(2)(3) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	$(-150)(-0.5) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
	$9 + (-5) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	$-9 + (-1) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	$4 + (-2) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Scientific Notation	$16,000,000 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 10^{\underline{\hspace{1cm}}}$	$5.23987 \times 10^3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
	$45,600 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 10^{\underline{\hspace{1cm}}}$	

Mental Math	$52.3 \times 100 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	$1 \div 10 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	$0.3 \times 1,000 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
	$30\% \text{ of } 20 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	$30\% \text{ of } 30 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	$30\% \text{ of } 40 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



Computation	$2.61 \times 2.3 =$	$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{8}{9} =$	Expressions	Evaluate the expressions for when $q = -2$ ; $r = 3$ ; $s = 1$ .	
				$q + rs$	$r + sq$

Exponents & Square Roots	$4^2$	$5^2$	$2^3$	$3^3$	$1^3$
	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

Vocabulary	<b>WORD BANK</b>	Number written as quotient of two integers where denominator is not "0" _____
	Classifications of Numbers	Any natural number and "0" _____
	Ordinal Real Whole Integers	Natural Numbers, their opposites, and "0" _____
	Irrational Counting Rational	A number that cannot be written as a ratio of two integers _____

Equivalents	$\frac{1}{2} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}};$	$\frac{1}{3} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}};$	$\frac{2}{3} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}};$
	$\frac{1}{4} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}};$	$\frac{2}{4} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}};$	$\frac{3}{4} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}};$

Monday HW:

Make Flashcards for these words and study

- Point**- has no size, only location
- Plane**- a flat surface that extends indefinitely in 4 directions
- Line**- continues without end in opposite directions
- Line segments**- a part of a line; has 2 endpoints
- Ray**- has one endpoint and continues without end in the opposite directions
- Angle**- has 2 rays that share the same endpoint
- Vertex**- is the point in which 2 rays meet
- Complementary angle**- 2 angles whose sum measures 90 degrees
- Supplementary angles** 2 angles whose sum measures 180 degrees
- Vertical angle**- angles that are diagonal from each other and are congruent
- Skew lines**- lines that are on different planes and never intersect
- Parallel lines**- lines that are on the same plane but never intersect
- Intersecting lines**- lines that cross each other
- Perpendicular lines**- lines that intersect to form 4 right angles
- Adjacent angles**- angles that are side by side
- Corresponding angles**- angles that are in similar positions and are congruent
- Transversal line**- a line that cuts a pair of parallel lines
- Interior angles**- angles that are on the inside of an object or on the inside of parallel lines cut by a transversal
- Exterior angles**- angles that are on the outside of an object or on the outside of parallel lines cut by a transversal
- Alternate interior angles**- angles that are on the inside of parallel lines cut by a transversal and on opposite ends
- Alternate exterior angles**- angles that are on the outside of parallel lines cut by a transversal and on opposite ends
- Acute angle**- angle less than 90 degrees
- Obtuse angle**- angle greater than 90 degree but less than 180 degrees
- Right angle**- angle exactly 90 degrees
- Acute triangle**- all angles are less than 90 degrees
- Obtuse triangle**- a triangle with one obtuse angle
- Right triangle**- a triangle with one right angle
- Isosceles triangle**- two of the sides are congruent
- Scalene triangle**- none of the sides are congruent
- Equilateral triangle**- all of the sides are congruent

**Perimeter**- is the distance around an object

**Circumference**- is the distance around a circle

**Area**- the number of square units

**Base (B)**- the area of the base (bottom part of the object)

**Base length (b)**- the length of the bottom part of the object

**Center**- the middle point of a circle; it is equal distance to the points around the circle

**Diameter**- a line that goes through the center of a circle

**Radius**- a line that is half the length of the diameter

**Chord**- a line that goes touches two ends of the circle

**Surface Area**- is the total area of all faces (faces: flat surfaces)

**Pi**- symbol: 3.14 decimal(rounded); fraction:

**Volume**: the number of cubic units within a 3-D solid



## Formulas

Circumference:	Area Square:
Area Rectangle:	Area Triangle:
Area Parallelogram:	Area Circle:
Area Trapezoid:	Volume Cone:
Volume Rectangular Prism:	Volume Cylinder:
Volume Cone:	Volume Triangular Prism:
Volume (Rectangular) Pyramid:	Simple Interest:
Pythagorean Theorem:	Percent of Change:
Slope Formula:	Slope Formula:
Surface Area Rectangular Prism:	Surface Area Cylinder:
Percent Proportion:	Slope Intercept Form:
Point Slope Form:	Standard Form: